

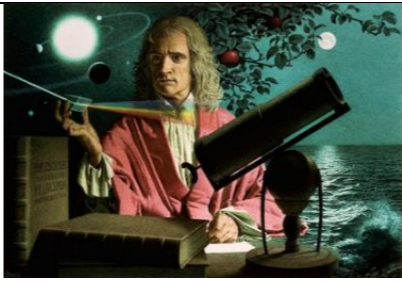




	Key knowledge to be transferred to long term memory	Building on previous knowledge and skills, you will remember:
	Sir Isaac Newton is an important scientist who discovered gravity.	In Year 1, you learnt that the Wright brothers defeated gravity by inventing the first aeroplane.
	Margaret Thatcher was the first female Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.	In Year 1, you learnt in British Values that the Prime Minister is the head of the government in a country.
	Matthew Flinders was an English navigator and explorer.	In Year 1, you learnt Ernest Shackleton was an explorer who travelled to the South Pole.
	Professor Jonathan Van-Tam is a doctor and medical officer.	In Reception, you learnt that doctors could work at a hospital and help make people feel better.
	Melanie Marshall is a British swimmer who won gold medals at the Olympics.	In Year 1, you learnt javelin, shotput and long jump are Olympic events that you can win medals in.

## Famous People

	Key knowledge to be transferred to long term memory	Building on previous knowledge and skills, you will remember:
	Alfred Lord Tennyson is a Victorian poet.	In Year 1, you learnt that a poet is a person who writes poems.
	A timeline is putting events in chronological order.	In Year 1, you learnt facts about past famous explorers in time order.
	Images such as photographs, paintings and drawings can be used to make predictions and inferences about the past.  For example, this picture of Isaac Newton shows he could be a scientist because he has a telescope and a prism.	In Reception, you learnt that aerial photographs were taken of the school setting for people to learn from.
	Objects from the past and present can be used to learn about a person.  For example, a pair of goggles and a swimming hat could belong to a swimmer.	In Year 1, you learnt that Edward Wilson took objects such as food supplies, a map, a sledge and clothing with him on his exploration.
	Documents such as diaries, newspapers, and letters can give people's opinions.	In Year 1, Ernest Shackleton wrote a diary to inform others about his exploration.

Key Vocabulary	
hero	A person who is admired for their courage or outstanding achievements.
past	The events that have already happened.
chronological order	The time order in which things happen.
source	Something that gives information about a place, person or thing.
local	The area that is close to where you live.
artefact	An object from the past.
fragile	Something that can be easily broken.

